Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, South Carolina, 2017

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Cuscs
All industries including state and local government ⁴		45.4	25.1	14.3	10.8	20.3
Private industry ⁴		34.8	19.5	11.1	8.4	15.3
Goods-producing ⁴		8.8	5.7	3.0	2.6	3.2
Natural resources and mining ^{4,5}		0.2	0.1	0.1	(8)	0.1
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁴		0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.1
Forestry and logging	113	(⁸)	(⁸)	(8)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁵		(⁸)	(⁸)	(8)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Construction		2.1	1.4	1.0	0.4	0.7
Construction		2.1	1.4	1.0	0.4	0.7
Construction of buildings	236		0.1	0.1		0.1
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237		0.6	0.5		0.1
Specialty trade contractors	238	1.2	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.5
Manufacturing		6.5	4.1	1.9	2.2	2.4
Manufacturing		6.5	4.1	1.9	2.2	2.4
Food manufacturing	311	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.1
Textile mills	313			0.1		0.2
Textile product mills	314		0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)
Wood product manufacturing	321			0.1		(8)
Paper manufacturing	322		0.1	0.1		0.1
Chemical manufacturing	325			0.1		0.2
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, South Carolina, 2017

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
		cuscs	Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	cases
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2
Primary metal manufacturing	331	0.2	0.1	(8)	0.1	0.1
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	0.8	0.4	0.3		0.4
Machinery manufacturing	333	0.4	0.2	0.1		0.2
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	0.1	(8)		(⁸)	(8)
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	1.2	0.9	0.3		0.4
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	0.1	0.1	(8)		(8)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	0.1	0.1	(8)	(⁸)	(8)
Service-providing		26.0	13.8	8.0	5.8	12.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁷		10.7	7.3	3.7	3.6	3.4
Wholesale trade		2.1	1.6	0.7	0.8	0.6
Retail trade		5.8	3.6	1.7	1.9	2.1
Transportation and warehousing ⁷		2.6	2.0	1.2	0.8	0.6
Utilities		0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.1
Utilities	221	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.1
Information		0.3	0.2	0.1	(⁸)	0.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate		0.9	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.4
Finance and insurance		0.5	0.3	0.3		0.2
Real estate and rental and leasing		0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3
Professional and business services		1.9	1.2	0.7	0.5	0.7

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, South Carolina, 2017

(In thousands)						
Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Professional, scientific, and technical services		0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		1.1	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.3
Administrative and support services	561	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.2
Waste management and remediation services	562	0.1	0.1		0.1	(8)
Educational and health services		6.6	2.6	1.4	1.2	4.0
Educational services		0.3	0.1	0.1	(8)	0.2
Health care and social assistance		6.3	2.5	1.3	1.2	3.8
Ambulatory health care services	621	2.4	0.4	0.3		2.0
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	622 623	1.6 1.8	0.6 1.2	0.3 0.6		1.0 0.6
Social assistance	624			0.1	(⁸)	0.3
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality		4.7	1.9	1.6	0.4	2.8
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		0.3	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.1
Accommodation and food services		4.5	1.7	1.4	0.3	2.7
Other services (except public administration)		0.9	0.2	0.1		0.6
State and local government ⁴		10.6	5.6	3.2	2.4	5.0
State government ⁴		2.4	1.5	0.9	0.5	0.9
Service-providing		2.4	1.5	0.9	0.5	0.9

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, South Carolina, 2017

(In thousands)						
Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
		55 5.5		Cases with	Cases	
			Total	days away from work ³	with job transfer or restriction	
Educational and health services		0.9	0.4	0.2		0.5
Educational services		0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Educational services	611	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Health care and social assistance		0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3
Hospitals	622	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	0.1	(8)	(8)		(⁸)
Public administration		1.5	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.4
Public administration		1.5	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.4
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
Local government ⁴		8.2	4.1	2.3	1.9	4.1
Service-providing		8.2	4.1	2.3	1.9	4.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁷						
Utilities		0.1	0.1	(8)	(⁸)	0.1
Utilities	221	0.1	0.1	(8)	(⁸)	0.1
Educational and health services		4.3	1.9	1.1	0.8	2.4
Educational services		2.8	1.4	0.9	0.4	1.4
Educational services	611	2.8	1.4	0.9	0.4	1.4
Health care and social assistance		1.6	0.6	0.2	0.3	1.0

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, South Carolina, 2017

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	622 623	1.4 0.1	0.5 0.1	0.2 (⁸)		
Public administration		3.5	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.5
Public administration		3.5	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.5

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, October 15, 2018

² North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2012.

 $^{^3}$ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System, 2012 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁸ Data too small to be displayed.